《天路导向(粤)》双语讲义

基督受试探 I-3 TEMPTATIONS OF CHRIST I-3

- Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的的朋友,你好。
- Welcome to this last in the series of messages on the temptation of Christ; 欢迎你收听"耶稣受试探"这一系列的最后 一次信息。
- and I want to begin by saying that some people think that leadership means dictatorship. 我首先要讲的就是,有很多人认为,所谓领 导就是独裁专政。
- Others equate leadership with wielding power; 还有人认为,领导就等于展示权威;
- but leadership through power alone is an indication of insecurity.
 然而,单单以权力来体现的领导,其实是缺 乏安全感的表现。
- Wielding power alone is an indication of lack of self-assurance.
 单单倚仗权利,说明这个人缺乏自信。
- The Bible tells us that the meek will inherit the Earth; 圣经告诉我们,温柔的人可以承受地土;
- but there are those who scoff at this truth. 但是,很多人却大不以为然。
- There are those who let nothing stand between them and their grabbing of power. 很多人不顾一切地要夺取权力。
- All too often, believers get their priorities mixed up. 甚至有些基督徒也搞不清楚先后轻重。
- Instead of serving, they strive for power. 他们忘记了应该以服务为目的,却一心想着 要争取权势。
- As we conclude this series of messages on the temptation of Jesus,
 今天是"耶稣受试探"这一系列的最后一 讲,
- we will see that Jesus' third temptation was a temptation to seize earthly power. 我们要来学习,耶稣所受到的第三个试探, 就是关于争夺属世权柄方面的诱惑。

- 14. Please turn with me to Matthew, Chapter 4, verses 8 to 11.请翻到马太福音 4 章 8 到 11 节。
- 15. Let's read it together. 我们一起来读。
- In ancient times, high mountains represented the seat of political power. 在古时候,高山往往象征着政权的宝座。
- 17. For example, 比如说,
- 18. Mount Seir stands for the Kingdom of Edom. 西珥山是以东王国的象征。
- Mount Samaria stands for the Kingdom of Israel. 撒马利亚山是以色列国的象征。
- Mount Zion stands for the Kingdom of Judah. 锡安山是犹大国的象征。
- 21. In Daniel, Chapter 2, 在但以理书第二章,
- Nebuchadnezzar's dream ended when a small Stone was carved out of the mountain without hands.
 尼布甲尼撒王梦中高大的偶像被一块非人手 凿出来的小石头砸得粉碎。
- The Stone grew to be a Mountain, 那块石头变成一座大山,
- 24. a Mountain which filled the whole Earth. 充满天下。
- 25. Daniel interpreted this dream as follows: 但以理是这样解释这个梦的:
- the Mountain is a Kingdom that will never be destroyed.
 这座山是一个永不衰败的国度。
- 27. In this case, it was probably His seat of power, 在这里,它指的就是神掌权的宝座,
- 28. from which He ruled over the kingdom of man. 在那里, 祂要统治世上的万国万民。
- From there, Jesus could spiritually see all the kingdoms of the Earth and all their splendor. 从这里,耶稣可以看见世上万国的辉煌。

- For Jesus to desire lordship over the Earth was not wrong.
 耶稣要掌管全地,本就是天经地义的。
- He is the Lord of all the Earth. 祂是万国的主宰。
- 32. The Earth is His. 全世界都属于祂。
- Psalm, Chapter 2, verses 7 to 9, tells us so.
 诗篇第2篇 7-9节已经清楚地告诉我们了。
- 34. The Father has promised Him the kingdom of the Earth as His inheritance;
 父神已经应许要把列国都赐给主耶稣作为产业;
- 35. but it would have been wrong for Jesus to grab power Satan's way.
 但是,假如耶稣按照撒但的方式来夺权的话,那就大错特错了。
- 36. It would have been wrong for Jesus to grab power on Satan's timing. 如果耶稣按照魔鬼的时间来攫取权利的话, 也大错特错了。
- 37. Satan was again tempting Jesus with shortcuts. 撒但再一次用走捷径的办法来诱惑耶稣。
- 38. All that Jesus needed to do was to bow to Satan 只要耶稣向撒但拜一拜就可以了。
- and, that way, He would avoid the rejection of the cross. 这样的话,就可以避免上十字架的痛苦了。
- He could have had everything right now without the grief awaiting Him in Golgotha, 不需要经过各各他的忧患,现在就可以拥有 一切,
- 41. and Jesus had to choose between two kinds of lordships.
 耶稣必须在二者之中,选择一种掌权的方式。
- 42. He could rule as the earthly kings do, 祂可以选择世上君王统治的方式来掌权,
- or, He rules God's way.
 祂也可以选择神所定的方式。
- 44. Satan was trying to get Him to grab for power the world's way,
 撒但要诱惑耶稣,用这世界的方式夺取权 位,
- 45. the kind of power that is devoid of love, 这种权势冰冷,缺乏爱,

- the kind of power that lords it over people;
 这种权势,只晓得奴役人民;
- 47. but you must understand something very important, my listening friend.
 可是,我亲爱的朋友,你需要明白很重要的一点,
- This is the only way Satan knows how to rule. 撒但只懂得这种统治的方式。
- 49. Listen to how Jesus describes Satan's totalitarian power.耶稣是怎么描述撒但这种极权专政的呢?
- 50. You find it in Luke 22:25. 在路加福音 22: 25, 耶稣说:
- 51. "The kings of the Gentiles lord it over them; "外邦人有君王为主治理他们,
- 52. and those who exercise power over them called themselves Benefactors." 那掌权管他们的称为恩主。"
- 53. A leader, who is a dictator at his work, 一个在工作上搞独裁的领导,
- 54. a man, who is a tyrant in his home, 一个在家里作威作福的男人,
- often thinks he is doing no wrong; 他从不认为自己做错什么;
- 56. but Jesus said, in Luke 22, 但是,耶稣在路加福音 22 章这里说:
- 57. "Instead, the greatest among you should be like the youngest, "你们里头为大的,倒要像年幼的,
- 58. and the one who rules like the one who serves. 为首领的,倒要像服事人的。
- 59. For who is greater, the one who is at the table or the one who serves?是谁为大?是坐席的呢?是服事人的呢?
- 60. Is it not the one who is at the table? 不是坐席的大吗?
- But I am among you as the One who serves you."
 然而,我在你们中间如同服事人的。"
- 62. In some churches, ministers are called "servants".在教会里头,传道人被称为"仆人"。
- 63. Do you know why? 你知道为什么吗?

- 64. Because they prepare spiritual food from the Word of God.因为他们把神的话语作为灵粮分给各人。
- If you are a parent or a leader in your workplace, 假如你是为人父母或一个单位的领导,
- 66. you are really a servant. 你就是个仆人。
- 67. You are serving those under your care. 你要常常服事那些在你照顾之下的人。
- The world defines "authority" as "power," 虽然世人把"权柄"与"权力"划等号,
- 69. but Jesus is defining "authority" as "responsibility," 但耶稣却把"权柄"看成是"责任",
- and the bigger your authority, the greater your area of service.
 而且,你的权柄越大,你服事的范围也越 广。
- It is easier for a servant to fall in the temptation of grabbing. 作仆人的往往很容易陷入夺权的试探中。
- 72. Why? 为什么呢?
- 73. Because there is a fine line between authority and power,因为权柄和权力有时候是很难分开的,
- 74. and because Satan will constantly tempt us to grab for power.
 撒但不断地诱惑我们,让我们争夺权势。
- 75. Satan says, 撒但说:
- "If you will just worship me, "只要拜我一拜,
- 77. if you will follow my methods, 只要按照我说的去做,
- if you will just play it safe, 这么做就保险了,
- then, you will have power;
 那么,你一定会拥有权力的;
- 80. then, you can do what you want with it. 你也能够随心所欲。
- 81. What is Satan's method of temptation? 撒但试探人的方法是什么呢?
- 82. He uses intrigue and compromise. 它通常利用诡计和妥协的办法。

- 83. He uses bribes and threats, 它利用贿赂和威胁软硬兼施,
- 84. and he uses lies. 它惯用谎言,
- 85. The Jewish leaders of Jesus' time 耶稣在世日子,
- 86. were masters of this kind of political manipulation;
 那些犹太人的领袖就是这样一些长袖善舞的 政客;
- 87. so, when they saw Jesus gathering large popular support,
 因此,当他们发现耶稣有大量的群众来拥护 祂的时候,
- 88. they felt threatened. 他们感到受威胁。
- 89. They feared the crowds. 他们害怕群众。
- In their mind, they knew power came with a large following; 他们明白, 权势来自大量的跟随者;
- therefore, they were expecting Jesus to be like them.
 因此,他们希望耶稣也像他们一样。
- 92. They expected Him to flaunt His power. 他们希望耶稣以祂的权柄为炫耀。
- In fact, they were shocked and confused when He didn't; 实际上,当他们看见耶稣并没有这么做的时候,他们感到震惊和迷惑不解;
- 94. but Jesus was working by a different set of rules;
 然而,耶稣的行事为人都是遵照另一套的原则规范;
- 95. and you and I must follow these rules, which are God's rules; 就是神所定的法则,也是我们今天必须要遵行的;
- and when God's rules conflict with the accepted practice of the world,
 当神的法则和世界上众人所接纳的规则相抵 触时,
- 97. we still must choose God's rule. 我们仍须选择神的规则。
- 98. We know how Jesus answered this temptation. 我们都知道耶稣是怎样回答撒但的。

- 99. Jesus quoted Moses again. 耶稣再次引用摩西律法上的话,说:
- 100. "Worship the Lord your God and serve Him only...""当拜主你的神,单要事奉祂。"
- 101. and that is why Paul, in Philippians 2, instructs us to look at the model of Christ.
 因此,保罗在腓立比书第2章那里教导我们,当如何效法耶稣,说:
- 102. "...who, being in the very nature of God, "祂本有神的形象,
- 103. did not consider equality with God something to be grasped, 不以自己与神同等为强夺的,
- 104. but made Himself nothing, taking the very nature of a servant, 反倒虚己,取了奴仆的形象,
- 105. being made in human likeness 成为人的样子,
- 106. and being found in appearance as a man, 既有人的样子,
- 107. He humbled himself and became obedient to death -- even death on the cross!"
 就自己卑微,存心顺服,以至于死,且死在 十字架上。
- Jesus, the second Adam, did not act like the first Adam.
 耶稣作为第二个亚当,并不像头一个亚当。
- 109. The first Adam did consider being like God something to grasp and grab for; 第一个亚当一心想着要和神同样有能力;
- 110. but Jesus became a servant and denied Himself. 而耶稣却降卑自己成为众人的仆人。
- 111. This is something very few of us are willing to do these days.当今时代,几乎没有人肯这样做。
- Although Jesus was God of very God, 虽然耶稣本身就是神,
- and, yet, Jesus, as man, He taught us an important lesson.
 但耶稣作为一个人,祂给我们上了一课。
- 114. What is this lesson? 上了什么课呢?
- 115. Service to God is the best antidote for temptation to power.
 这就是:对神绝对的委身是胜过试探的秘 诀。

- 116. My listening friend, listen carefully, as we are coming to an end.
 我亲爱的朋友,在即将结束的时候,请听我 说。
- 117. Power is like a bar of wet soap. 权势就好像一块湿肥皂。
- 118. The more you try to tightly hold onto it, 你越想抓紧它,
- 119. the more it gets away from you. 它就越容易从你手里滑走。
- 120. The Book of Revelation gives us a very important picture of what happens to a church when they do not follow the example of Christ. 在启示录中,我们很清楚地看到,一个不效 法基督的教会,结局是怎样的。
- 121. When a church strives to exercise power without putting God first, it gets into trouble. 一个不高举神,擅自专权的教会,将要陷入 许多危机中。
- 122. In Revelation 17, 在启示录 17章,
- 123. we see a church compromising. 我们看到一个与世俗妥协的教会。
- 124. The compromising church gives away its possessions and loses its spiritual and supernatural power.
 这个与罪妥协的教会出卖了它的灵魂,失去 了属灵的能力。
- 125. At that point, the church would be in an alliance with Satan;其实,这种教会已经与撒但联合;
- 126. but, in truth, the church should be like Jesus. 而教会原本是属于耶稣,与耶稣相似的。
- 127. It should be ready to lay aside all earthly ambitions.教会应该放下属世的野心。
- It should be ready to lay aside the desire to take the easy road. 教会应该放弃走安逸捷径的意图。
- 129. Only then will the path to Heaven open up. 只有这样,才是通向天庭的正路。
- The church of Jesus Christ must be salt and light. 基督的教会应该是这个世界的光和盐。
- 131. When Christians cease to be salt and light, 如果基督徒不能成为光和盐,

- 132. they lose their real power. 就会失去属灵的权柄。
- Spiritual power is far more effective than earthly power. 要知道,属灵的权柄远大于这世界的权势。
- 134. Spiritual power is far more impacting on society than earthly power.
 属灵权柄所带来的影响要远远大于这个世界。
- Spiritual power will change the hearts and the lives of people. 属灵的权柄可以改变一个人的心灵和生命。
- Spiritual power will accomplish far more than earthly power, 属灵的权柄所能成就的远超过世界的权力所 能完成的,
- 137. for it is written, "You shall worship the Lord your God alone..."
 因为经上记着: "当拜主你的神,单要事奉 祂。"
- 138. for that is worth everything. 只有神才是值得我们敬拜的。
- 139. Jesus refused to grab for power, 耶稣拒绝争夺权势,
- 140. and you and I must resist the same temptation everyday.
 你和我也要防备这种随时可能临到的试探。
- 141. It is our prayer and hope that this series of messages has been a blessing to you, 我盼望这一系列的节目可以使你蒙福,
- 142. and we always love to hear from you; 盼望你随时给我们来信;
- 143. so, if you haven't been in touch with us, whether by letter or by email, please do so. 如果你从来都没有写信给我们,盼望从今天 开始,不论通过那种方式,你能够写信给我 们。
- 144. Until next time, I wish you God's richest blessing.好,我们下次再见,愿神大大赐福给你。