《天路导向》双语讲义

花园与城市 - 5 The Garden vs. The City - 5

<u>SECTION A</u> 甲部

- Hello listening friends.
 亲爱的朋友,你好!
- We are so glad you tuned in to listen to this program.
 我们很高兴你收听这个节目。
- We have been going through a series of messages entitled "The Garden verses the City". 我们正在讲着一系列的信息,题目为"花园 与城市"。
- And I want to begin today by telling you about something somebody said.
 今天我先要跟大家讲一些别人说的事。
- That there is a Babylonian revival going on across North America and Europe and most of the world.
 有人说:在北美洲、欧洲和世界很多地方, 正进行着一个巴比伦复兴运动。
- What is a Babylonian revival you ask?
 你会问:什么是巴比伦复兴运动?
- It is fortune telling. 就是算命;
- It is the occult. 就是秘术;
- It is tarot card reading.
 就是占卜;
- It is astrology. 就是占星术;
- It is horoscope. 就是星相学。

- All of these latest crazes are as old as chapter 11 of the book of Genesis.
 这些新兴的狂热,其实是很古老的,早在创 世记第十一章里就有了。
- For those of you joining us for the first time we are in the middle of a series of broadcasts I call the Garden verses the City.
 你们中间有第一次收听这节目的话,我们正 讲着一系列名叫《城市御花园》的信息,
- It is the garden of God verses the city of man.
 就是"神的花园"跟"人的城市"的对比。
- 15. In today's broadcast we will be looking at Genesis chapter 11 verses 1 to 9. 在今天的节目里,我们会看创世记 11 章 1-9 节。
- There is nothing new about the occult as I said before.
 正如我前面说过,算命术并不是新奇的事,
- I'm going to explain this in a minute.
 我等一下会来解释这个。
- But let me tell you what is new about this modern popularity of the occult.
 不过,先让我告诉你,现在流行的算命术有 什么新招。
- These occult practices are being revived in Europe and America. 这些算命术是在欧洲和美洲兴起的,
- These occult practices were not generally known to these parts of the world.
 这种算命术以前并不曾在这些地方流传过,
- They were known in India and other countries.
 他们曾流传于印度和其他国家。

22. But in the United States alone there are estimated to be 50 million believers in astrology.

但是,单在美国,就估计有五千万人相信占 星术;

- 23. There are over 200,000 part time psychic and fortune tellers.有超过二十万个兼职的灵媒和相士;
- 24. There are over 20,000 full time psychic and fortune tellers.有超过二万个全职的灵媒和相士;
- There are more than 2,000 newspapers across the United States that run a daily horoscope column.
 在美国有超过二千份报纸,每天刊登着星座 占卜的专栏。
- And it is not limited to the United States.
 而且这不单是发生在美国,
- This epidemic is worldwide.
 它正在世界各地蔓延着。
- And it has been growing in size for many years.
 多年来,它正不断的增长。
- In this series of broadcasts we have been contrasting the garden of God with the city of man.

在这系列节目中,我们一直在比较神的花园 和人的城市。

- God intended for His vice regents to live in a garden with all of its beauty.
 神的心意是让衪的助手住在极其美丽的花园 里;
- God intended for Adam and Eve to live in a garden with all of its provision.
 神的心意是让亚当夏娃住在满有供应的花园里;
- 32. God intended for His vice regents to live in a garden with all of its protection.
 神的心意是让祂的助手住在满有保护的花园 里。

- Yet man chose to build a city.
 可是,人选择去建筑一座城。
- 34. We have looked at the city of man with all of its rootlessness.我们看到人的城市是无根的;
- The city of man is filled with loneliness.
 人的城市是孤单寂寞的;
- The city of man which is filled with artificiality.
 人的城市充斥着虚假;
- The city of man that is filled with arrogance and pride.
 人的城市充斥着自负与骄傲。
- In our last broadcast we concluded by stating how God righteously judged the city of man. 上次的节目里,我们的结论说到,神如何公 义的审判人的城市,
- By sending the flood to cover the earth.
 用洪水淹没大地。
- The Lord used Noah to warn the people of the earth.
 神用挪亚去警告地上的人,
- But they did not listen.
 可是他们没有听。
- 42. And everyone but Noah's family was destroyed in that great flood.除了挪亚一家,地上的人都被洪水所灭。
- 43. After the flood Noah's children populated the earth once more.
 洪水之后,挪亚的后裔再一次在地上繁殖起来。
- Noah had three sons.
 挪亚有三个儿子,
- 45. Shem, Ham, and Japheth. 闪、含和雅弗。
- 46. Ham sinned against his father and ridiculed his father.
 含犯错得罪了他的父亲,又嘲弄他父亲,

- And he received a curse.
 他因此受到咒诅。
- That curse was transferred to his descendents.
 这咒诅一直传给他的后代。
- Shem on the other hand honored his father.
 另一方面,闪尊敬他的父亲,
- 50. So he and his descendents received a blessing. 所以他和他的后代都得到祝福。
- Make no mistake about it God blesses you when you love your parents.
 当你爱你父母时,神就赐福给你,这是千真 万确的。
- 52. Abraham was a descendent of Shem. 亚伯位罕是闪的后代,
- 53. But Canaan was a descendent of Ham. 但迦南是含的后代。
- 54. One of Ham's descendents by the name of Nimrod laughed and mocked God's curse upon his forefathers.
 含的后人中,有一个名叫宁录的,嘲笑神对 他祖先的咒诅。
- 55. Let us look at the Scripture in Genesis 11:1 to 9.
 让我们一起看创世记,第十一章,第一到九
 节的经文。
- I can use my imagination about this man Nimrod. 我可以想象一下这叫宁录的人,
- 57. I can imagine him to be saying. 我可以想象得到他在说:
- 58. God said what. 神说什么?!
- 59. We are going to be slaves to the descendents of Shem.我们会成为闪后裔的奴仆?!
- 60. What kind of God is this!祂是个什么样的神啊!
- 61. I'm going to show Him who is what. 我就是要让衪知道,到底谁是谁!

- Instead of recognizing his ancestors sin.
 他非但没有承认他先祖的罪,
- 63. Instead of repenting and turning to the Lord and finding favor in the eyes of the Lord.
 他非但不肯认罪,回转向神,恳求神的怜悯,
- 64. Nimrod wanted to defy God and God's plan.宁录公然的要叛逆神,和神的计划。
- 65. Nimrod wanted to prove that he was not in need of God.宁录要证明,他不需要神。
- 66. Nimrod wanted to build a civilization to opposeGod.宁录要建立一个敌对神的文化。
- People who refuse to believe in Jesus Christ are under God's judgement. 拒绝相信耶稣基督的人,会受到神的审判。
- And anyone who refuses to deal with the cause of that judgement. 任何人若拒绝去面对导致受审判的原因,
- Is in rebellion.
 就是在叛逆中。
- 70. There are people who are under curse who refuse to come to God for freedom from that curse.
 有些受了咒诅的人,拒绝来到神面前,寻求从那咒诅中解脱出来,得以自由。
- Do you know why? 你知道为什么吗?
- Because that requires submission to God.
 因为这需要先向神顺服。
- 73. Every disease and every sickness known to mankind is the result of the original sin.
 人类所知道的每一种疾病,都是"原罪"带来的后果。
- 74. Every pain and every heartache in the world is the result of the original sin. 世上每个痛苦,每份伤心,都是"原罪"所 带来的后果。

- 75. Every sin and consequence of sin is the result of the fall of man.
 每一件罪和罪的后果都是人的堕落所引起的。
- And today 2,000 years after Christ was born.
 在基督降生了二千年后的今天,
- 77. Today 2,000 years after Christ's provision for salvation.
 在基督为我们设下救恩已二千年的今天,
- Today after Christ's provision of victory. 在基督建立胜利后的今天,
- 79. Those who refuse to submit to Him are defying God.那些拒绝顺服于衪的,就是叛逆神。
- 80. Look at the way we deal with the curse of sin. 看看我们自己,如何处理罪所带来的咒诅。
- If there is a new virus in the universe.
 如果世上发现了新的病毒,
- 82. We say oh we can eliminate it. 我们说可以把它消灭。
- 83. If there is an incurable disease.
 如果有了不治之症,
- 84. We say oh we will cure that. 我们说可以把它医好。
- 85. We brag saying give us enough money give us enough time and technology and we can do anything.
 我们自夸说,如果有足够的金钱,足够的时间,和足够的科技,我们就什么都能做。
- 86. We don't need God we have technology.我们拥有科技,因此我们不需要神;
- 87. We don't need God we have science.我们拥有科学,因此我们不需要神;
- We don't need God we have super computers.
 我们拥有超级电脑,因此我们不需要神;
- 89. We don't need God we have our ingenuity and our talents.我们有自己的创造力和聪明才智,因此我们

不需要神。

- 90. You don't have to be a great Bible scholar to understand that God cannot be defied. 你不必是个伟大的圣经学者,才能懂神是不 可叛逆的。
- God's judgement cannot be defied.
 神的审判不可违抗。
- 92. God's decrees cannot be defied. 神的命令不可违背。
- There is only one way to escape the curse of sin.
 只有一个方法才可以逃避罪的咒诅,
- 94. And that is by coming to the only one who took the curse upon Himself.
 就是来到那唯一的那位代我们承担咒诅的主 面前。

<u>SECTION B</u> 乙部

- That is why Jesus is given the name above every name.
 这就是为何耶稣的名字高于天下的名字,
- And that is why at the name of Jesus every knee shall bow and every tongue will confess that He is Lord.
 也就是为何耶稣的名受到万民所跪拜,万民
 - 所称颂, 衪就是神。 Why?
 - wity. 为什么?

3.

- 4. Because He took a curse upon Himself that did not belong to Him.
 因为祂把那不属于祂的咒诅承担在自己身上。
- It was your curse and it was my curse that He took upon Himself.
 那是你的咒诅,那是我的咒诅,但主自己替我们承担了。
- Now let's go beck to Nimrod.
 现在让我们回到宁录那儿。

- Nimrod wanted to build a civilization.
 宁录要建立一种文化,
- Nimrod wanted to make God obsolete.
 宁录要将神变成过时的,
- Ultimately Nimrod wanted his civilization to oppose God. 宁录最终的目的是要用他的文化与神对敌,
- That civilization we call Babylon or the tower of Babel. 我们称那文化为,巴比伦或巴别塔。
- Today I want to tell you why Babylon has always occupied a significant place in the Bible.
 今天我要告诉大家,为何巴比伦在圣经占上 一个重要的位置。
- From the beginning of Genesis 11 all the way to the book of Revelation.
 由创世记十一章一直至启示录,
- Babylon is a symbol of living in enmity with God.
 巴比伦象征与神为敌;
- Babylon is a symbol of following false gods.
 巴比伦象征随从假神;
- Babylon is a symbol of abomination of earthly cities.
 巴比伦象征那些可憎的地上城市;
- 16. How did Babylon get that dubious reputation.巴比伦如何得到这可疑的名声?
- 17. It all began here in Genesis 11 when Nimrod and the inhabitants of Babylon said to themselves.

这名声早在创世记已开始了。创世记十一章 记载到,宁录和巴比伦的居民这样说:

- 18. Let's come and build a city with a tower to reach heaven.
 "来吧,我们要建造一座城和一座塔,塔顶 通天。"
- And with this building project the formal and well organized opposition to God among humanity began.

这建筑计划就成为人类正式,并有组织地敌 挡神的开始。

- My listening friends.
 亲爱的朋友,
- There are three important things you must remember about the people of Babylon. 你必须记着巴比伦人三方面的重点。
- 22. One. 第一、
- They had a vision for a city without God. 他们的梦想是一座没有神的城。
- 24. Two. 第二、
- They had a vision for stealing God's glory.
 他们的梦想是窃取神的荣耀。
- 26. Three. 第三、
- They had a vision for the religion of selfworship. 他们的梦想是自我崇拜的宗教。
- Let's look first at this vision for a city without God. 让我们先看看,没有神的城市的梦想。
- 29. Nimrod wanted to build a great empire with a religious system.
 宁录想建立一个带有宗教系统的庞大王国,
- That is he wanted a system in opposition to God of heaven and earth. 这个宗教系统是敌对天地的真神的。
- In a deliberate act the citizens of Babylon chose to reject the knowledge of the true God.
 巴比伦的人民故意选择拒绝认识真神。
- And when people reject the true God. 当人拒绝真神时,
- Like it or not they will embrace false gods.
 他们就会身不由己的转向假神,
- Weather they acknowledge it or not.
 无论他们承认与否。

- When people reject the true God. 当人拒绝真神,
- They will worship other objects. 他们将崇拜其他事物。
- The Bible speaks of the mystery of Babylon.
 圣经说到,巴比伦的奥秘,
- And I want to tell you all about this mystery. 我要告诉大家,所有有关这奥秘的事情。
- 39. And that is why I want you to tune in next time for me to tell you about the mystery of Babylon.
 请大家留意收听下一次的节目,我将会跟大家讲巴比伦的奥秘。
- 40. Until then I wish you God's richest blessing. 愿神大大的赐福给你,下次再会。