《天路导向》双语讲义

基督受试探 I-2 TEMPTATIONS OF CHRIST I-2

<u>SECTION A</u> <u>甲部</u>

- Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好。
- 2. Thank you for tuning in. 感谢你收听。
- In the last message, 上次节目中,
- we saw how Jesus did not fall in Satan's temptation of temporary pleasure; 我们讲到了,耶稣没有为了一时的享乐而掉 进魔鬼的试探里;
- not even for a good meal, when He was starving.
 虽然当时的耶稣,已经饿得饥肠辘辘,祂却 没有为了食物而上魔鬼的当。
- When the devil saw that his trick had been stumped, 当撒但看到它的计谋破败以后,
- he tried another one.
 它就开始了第二攻势。
- Now, Satan tempts Jesus with quick popularity. 于是, 撒但想出另一招来引诱祂, 就是让耶 稣一夜成名。
- 9. What Satan was saying to Jesus was this: 撒但对耶稣说:
- "If You won't be distracted from Your mission, "既然你对自己的使命这么执着,
- let me show You a shortcut to Your goal." 我就告诉你一条捷径,保证你马到成功。"
- Let's read again, Matthew, Chapter 4, verses 5 to 7. 我们来读马太福音第4章, 5-7节。
- Satan and Jesus could stand on the highest point of the Temple; 那个时候,撒但和耶稣也许真的是站在圣殿 的平顶上;

- 14. but, often, when Satan tempts us, he tempts us in our minds.
 可是,今天,撒但却常常在我们心里试探我 们。
- He presents a picture to our imagination; 地在我们的想象中呈现一幅图画;
- so, why did Satan tempt Jesus to jump off the pinnacle of the Temple?
 那么,撒但为什么要让耶稣从殿顶上跳下去呢?
- 17. What would Jesus gain by that? 这样做,对耶稣有什么好处呢?
- Let me explain. 我来解释给你听。
- **19.** The Temple was a public place 要知道,圣殿是一个公共场所。
- and, during feasts and holy days, millions of pilgrims would come into Jerusalem to be around the Temple area.
 每逢盛大节日的时候,成千上万的朝圣者都 会聚集在耶路撒冷的圣殿周围。
- If Jesus jumped from the high point of the Temple and landed safely, 假如耶稣从殿顶上跳下去而毛发无损的话,
- He would have been an instant sensation. 池立刻就会一鸣惊人。
- The Jews would have looked for the kind of ruler who would do spectacular miracles. 犹太人一直期盼着一位神通广大的统治者。
- 24. They were looking for a Messiah who would display amazing feats;
 他们一直以来都在等候具有奇功异能的弥赛 亚;
- **25.** but Jesus knew why He came to the Earth. 然而,耶稣很清楚祂降世为人的目的。
- 26. He came to reign and to rule 不错, 祂来是要执掌王权,
- 27. over the hearts of men and women, boys and girls;要掌管世上每个人的心;

- and He knew that ruling and reigning would come only after He had gone to the cross.
 但祂晓得,只有当祂走上十字架之后,祂的 王权才能够实现。
- He knew that His road would lead Him through hardship and rejection.
 祂明白,祂所走的路,必定要经历患难,遭 人弃绝。
- He knew that any temporary popularity He gains, He would quickly lose it; 祂晓得,现在取得的短暂声望,都只不过是 昙花一现;
- so, His miracles were mostly on the quiet, and even secretive.
 因此,祂所行的大部分神迹都是在暗中悄悄 做的。
- 32. They were not for a show or a spectacle. 这些神迹并不是为了要让祂扬名立万的。
- His miracles were for relief of people's pain.
 祂行神迹的目的是要解除人们的痛苦,
- They were for the forgiveness of their sin. 也要饶恕他们的罪孽。
- Jesus knew that His large following would only be possible after the cross.
 耶稣明白,只有当祂在十字架上被举起来之后,才能吸引万人来跟随祂。
- Satan was offering Jesus a way out. 撒但却要祂另辟蹊径。
- He was offering Him an opportunity to become popular right away with many people.
 魔鬼向祂提出一个能吸引群众,一夜成名的 机会。
- 38. No one would be able to forget a spectacle like jumping from the top of the Temple;
 一个人从殿顶上跳下去而不受伤,可是一件 令人难忘,了不起的大事儿呢;
- **39.** so, Jesus had a choice. 所以,摆在耶稣面前的是两种选择。
- 40. He could go the long way, the arduous path, that the Father had laid out for Him, 一种是走父神为祂预备的那条艰难而漫长的 受苦之路,
- or, He could take Satan's shortcut.
 另一种是撒但所提供的捷径。
- 42. As we know, Jesus rejected Satan's way. 结果,我们知道,耶稣拒绝了撒但。

- He chose to follow His Father's plan and will.
 祂选择了顺从父神的计划和旨意。
- 44. Satan was tempting Jesus to sin in two ways: 撒但用一箭双雕的方式来试探耶稣:
- 45. to draw attention to Himself, and to test God. 一方面,牠以获得群众的拥戴来试探耶稣; 另一方面,牠引诱耶稣怀疑神。
- 46. First, Satan asks Jesus to exalt Himself; 首先, 撒但要求耶稣高抬自己,
- 47. but Jesus told us that the greatest among you will be the servant of all,但是,耶稣却教导我们说,你们中间最大的,反要成为最小的,
- for whoever exalts himself will be humbled, 因为凡自高的必降为卑,
- 49. and whoever humbles himself will be exalted. 自卑的必升为高。
- 50. In other words, God does not like showoffs. 也就是说,神不喜欢我们自高自大。
- The second sin placed before Jesus was testing God. 另一方面, 魔鬼怂恿耶稣怀疑神。
- 52. Satan asked Jesus to demand that God the Father perform a miracle on request. 撒但叫耶稣, 向神求一件神迹,
- 53. Jesus' answer to this temptation was again from Deuteronomy, Chapter 6, verse 16.耶稣的回答同样来自申命记6章16节。
- 54. "Do not test the Lord your God as you did at Massah."
 "你们不可试探耶和华你们的神,像你们在 玛撒那样试探祂。"
- 55. "Massah" is a word that means "testing"."玛撒"这个字就是"试探"的意思。
- 56. It is the name Moses gave to Rephidim. 是摩西给利非订那个地方所起的名字。
- 57. This was the place where God's people quarreled with Moses, when they did not have water.
 玛撒,是以色列人因为没水喝,就和摩西争 闹的地方,
- It was a place where they doubted the presence of God. 玛撒也是他们怀疑神同在的地方。
- After all that God did for them, in providing for them, 虽然神供养他们一切的需要,

- 60. freeing them from slavery, 把他们从为奴之家领出来,
- guiding them with a pillar of clouds and fire, 用云柱火柱引导他们,
- providing food for them, 为他们预备食物,
- 63. they still doubted God again and again; 可他们却一再地怀疑神的同在;
- 64. but what happened at that time? 结果怎样呢?
- 65. They fell prey to Satan's temptation, 他们落入了撒但的试探当中,
- 66. temptation to order God to fulfill His promise on their own timetable. 他们强要神按着他们自己定的时间,来实现 神对他们的应许。
- 67. They were thirsty and wanted water immediately.当他们干渴时,立刻就要水喝。
- 68. The people of God, like many of us, 这些以色列人就跟我们一样,
- 69. they were looking at their relationship with God in a backward way.
 他们把自己和神之间的关系整个颠倒过来 了。
- They should have remembered that God had chosen them and they did not choose God. 他们应该晓得,不是他们拣选了神,而是神 拣选了他们。
- God was not obligated to supply them with water the moment they demanded it; 神没有义务在他们要水喝的时候,就立马供 给他们;
- 72. instead, they were obligated to obey and trust God.
 相反地,他们应该听从并顺服神。
- 73. They were to humbly pray for what they needed.他们应该为所需要的一切谦恭地向神祷告。
- 74. They were to submissively wait for God's answer.然后,安静等候神。
- 75. By contrast, Jesus trusted that the Father is with Him.
 主耶稣跟以色列人不同, 祂坚信父神与祂同 在。

- 76. Jesus trusted the Father's proclamation when He said, "This is My beloved Son whom I love and in whom I am well pleased."
 耶稣相信天父对祂说的话: "这是我的爱 子,我所喜悦的。"
- 77. Jesus did not need a grandiose miracle to prove that He was the Son of God. 耶稣不需要用神迹证明祂是神的儿子。
- 78. Jesus knew that, to test God, would have been sinful;因为耶稣知道,试探神,就是犯罪;
- **79.** and He, the sinless Son of God, cannot sin. 而且,作为神的儿子,祂是不能犯罪的。
- People today are still using temples as their own jumping-off point for personal success.
 今天,我们常常利用从殿顶上跳下去的方 式,以促成个人的成功。
- Many false teachers proclaim themselves to speak for God; 很多假师傅声称,他们所传讲的,是神的旨意;
- 82. but will the God of the universe let these people manipulate Him?难道掌管宇宙的神会被这些人所操控吗?
- 83. No, He will not. 决不会的。
- 84. Sometimes, as believers, we feel that we must make God look good,
 有时候,我们身为基督徒的认为,应该让神 看起来更光彩一点,
- 85. or have a good image, 或者说,我们把神当成了偶像,
- 86. but what is image? 什么是偶像呢?
- 87. An image can be an exact replica; 偶像既可以是一件复制品;
- 88. but it also can be a counterfeit. 也可以是伪造的。
- The Bible puts little emphasis on image, 圣经很少提到偶像,
- 90. except to say that we are not to worship it. 只说,我们不可以敬拜偶像。
- When God sent the Prophet Samuel to the house of Jesse to anoint a new king, 当神差遣撒母耳到耶西家里去膏立犹太人的 王时,

- Samuel was initially impressed with Jesse's older son.
 起先,撒母耳对耶西的大儿子印象非常好。
- 93. Listen to what the Scripture says, 在圣经里,
- 94. in 1 Samuel, Chapter 16, and verse 6: 撒母耳记上 16 章 6 节说:
- 95. "When they arrived, Samuel saw Eliab and thought, 'Surely the Lord's anointed stands before the Lord.""
 他们来的时候,撒母耳看见以利押,就心里说:"'耶和华的受膏者必定在他面前。'"
- 96. But the Lord said to Samuel, "Do not consider his appearance or his height, for I have rejected him."
 耶和华却对撒母耳说: "不要看他的外貌和 他身材高大,我不拣选他。"
- 97. You see, my beloved friends, the Lord does not look at the things we look at. 看到了吧,我亲爱的朋友,神看人不像我 们。
- We look at the outward appearance, but the Lord looks upon the heart. 我们是看人的外貌,但耶和华是看人的内 心。
- 99. More and more, I see that the worship of God has become a matter of image.
 我越来越发现,很多时候,我们把敬拜神变 成了拜偶像。

SECTION B

<u>乙部</u>

- Why do many Christians become so enthralled with image? 为什么这么多的信徒变得如此重视外表的形 象呢?
- 2. Here is the answer: 答案就是:
- they are substituting image for obedience to God. 他们用偶像代替了顺服神。
- The single, most serious problem which results from substitution of image for obedience is this:
 以偶像代替神,形成了严重的结果,那就是:

- the Gospel message is often compromised in an effort to impress the world; 福音的信息往往为了吸引世界的注意而采取 妥协的立场,失去原则;
- but the Bible tells us what kind of image will impress the world.
 然而,圣经告诉我们,怎样才能让世上的人 留下深刻的印象呢?
- In John, Chapter 13, verses 34 and 35, Jesus said, 在约翰福音 13 章 34-35 节里,耶稣说:
- 8. "A new commandment I give to you: 我赐给你们一条新命令,
- 9. Love one another. As I have loved you, 乃是叫你们彼此相爱;我怎样爱你们,
- 10. so you must love one another. 你们也要怎样相爱。
- By this all men will know that you are My Disciples, if you love one another." 你们若有彼此相爱的心,众人因此就认出你 们是我的门徒了。"
- The world is not impressed with our attempts to impress them; 如果我们故意要给世人留下好印象,就会适 得其反;
- but, when we have the real love of Jesus Christ in our hearts, 但是,如果耶稣基督的爱在我们心中,
- the world will know it. 别人都能够看得见。
- My listening friend, listen very carefully, as we conclude.
 我亲爱的朋友,在结束的时候,请听我说。
- 16. When Satan succeeds in diverting our attention from God to image,
 当撒但把我们的注意力从神那里转移到偶像 身上的时候,
- he renders us ineffective. 我们就不能有效地为神做见证了。
- My prayer is that we will never lose our passion and our love for God, 求神让我们不要失去对神专一的爱,
- but that we will show the world the power of Jesus Christ by loving one another; 我们要借着彼此相爱,向世界证明耶稣基督 的大能;

- but, if you are a person who does not know Jesus in a personal way, 假如你今天还没有认耶稣基督为你个人的救 主,
- do not put off the decision to seek Him, 盼望你今天就立志跟随祂,不要再拖延了,
- 22. for all the snares and temptations of life won't get you real peace.
 因为人生中满布着网罗与诱惑,使你无法得 到真正的平安。
- Only Jesus can. 唯有耶稣能赐给你真实的平安。
- 24. Until next time, I wish you God's richest blessing.好,我们下次再见,愿神大大地赐福给你。