《天路导向(粤)》双语讲义

基督的名号 - 3 THE NAMES OF CHRIST - 3

- Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好。
- We are delighted that you've joined us in this third message in the series of the names of Jesus, 欢迎你收听"耶稣的名字"这个系列的第三 讲。
- and I want to begin by saying that, to a nonbelieving, secular-minded individual, 首先让我告诉你,对于一个还没有信主的朋 友来说,
- Christianity appears to be very contradictory; 基督教看起来好像很矛盾;
- 5. and, in many ways, their perceptions are right. 其实,很多时候,他们的观点似乎很对。
- You say, "How come?" 也许你会问: "为什么呢?"
- Because human logic cannot accept divine premise.
 因为人类的逻辑难以理解神的事。
- 8. Let me give you some examples. 我来举几个例子。
- The human mind cannot comprehend that God, who created all things, 人用头脑不能理解,这位创造世界的神,
- became a man and died on a cross.
 是如何变成了人的样式,死在十字架上。
- Human logic would not accept the premise that says that, if you want to save your life, you must lose it. 人类的逻辑思维不能接受,失去生命的反要 得着生命的道理。
- It does not make sense to non-believers' eyes.
 从一个不信上帝的角度来看,这是说不通的。
- Human logic would not accept the premise that says, in order to be glorified, you must humble yourself; 人的头脑也不能接受:必须先要谦卑,才能 得荣耀的道理;

- or that the high and mighty would wash dirty feet; 或者,有地位有能力的要替人洗脚;
- or the way to success is surrender; 或者,先顺服才能成功;
- 16. or in order to get, you must give; 或者,要有收获,必须先付出;
- the way to live is to die;
 要活命,必须先死去;
- 18. or the way to lead is to serve. 要作领袖,就要先服事。
- In fact, many people reject Christianity because of those apparent contradictions; 事实上,很多人就因着这些看起来很矛盾的 现像而拒绝耶稣基督;
- but, to the eyes of faith, 但是,如果用信心的眼光来看,
- these are not contradictions at all. 这些事一点也不矛盾。
- 22. These are God's logic. 这些是神的逻辑。
- 23. These are God's rules. 这些是神的规则。
- 24. These are God's blueprints. 这些是神的计划。
- 25. These are God's premises. 这些是神的物业。
- These are God's ultimate purpose of mankind's true happiness.
 这些是神为了让人类得到真正幸福而定的最终目的。
- These are God's way for our true and ultimate fulfillment, 这些是神让我们得到彻底满足的方式,
- and that is why they appear contradictory to man's way.
 所以从人的角度来看,这些事情真是矛盾重 重。

- 29. One passage in the Bible critics point out to as contradiction in the Bible is found in Isaiah 9:6. 批评圣经的人曾经指出,以赛亚书 9:6 所说的就很矛盾。
- Let me stop here for a moment and tell you that we are in the midst of a series of messages from Isaiah, Chapter 9, verse 6; 说到这里,我想提一提,有关以赛亚书 9章 6节的一系列信息,我们已经讲到一半了。
- 31. so, if you have a Bible, please turn to Isaiah
 9:6.
 如果你有圣经的话,请翻到以赛亚书 9: 6。
- "For unto us a child is born, "因有一婴孩为我们而生,
- and to us a Son is given, 有一子赐给我们,
- 34. and the government will be upon his shoulders. 政权必担在祂的肩头上。
- And his name will be called Wonderful Counselor, 祂名称为奇妙,策士,
- 36. Mighty God, 全能的神,
- 37. Everlasting Father, 永在的父,
- 38. Prince of Peace." 和平的君。"
- 39. In my previous messages, we saw why Jesus Christ is called "Wonderful Counselor" and "Mighty God." 我在前两次的信息中已经讲过,耶稣基督为 什么会称为"奇妙的策士"和"全能的神。"
- 40. Today, I want to tell you about the most controversial description of the Lord Jesus Christ:
 今天,我要告诉你有关对耶稣基督最具争议性的描述。
- 41. Everlasting Father. 永在的父。
- 42. Critics have said, 批评家说:
- 43. "How can Jesus be called the "Son" and a "Father," all at the same time? 耶稣怎么可能同时被称作"儿子"和"父亲" 呢?
- 44. Let me ask you a question. 让我问你一个问题。

- 45. What do we call the founders of a country? 你怎么称呼一个国家的创始人呢?
- 46. Founding Fathers. 国父。
- 47. What do we call city elders or leaders? 你怎么称呼城市乡镇的元老或领袖呢?
- 48. City Fathers; 乡亲父老。
- 49. and where do you think they got this concept? 你认为是从哪里开始这种观念的呢?
- 50. From the Bible. 是从圣经里面。
- 51. Let me give you some examples. 我举几个例子。
- 52. In Genesis 4:20, 在创世记 4:20,
- Jabal was the father of all those who dwell in tents and have cattle. 雅八就是住帐篷牧养牲畜者之父。
- 54. In Genesis, Chapter 4, verse 21, 在创世记 4:21,
- 55. Jabal's brother, Jubal, was the father of all who played the harp and the flute.
 雅八的兄弟名叫犹八,他是一切弹琴吹箫者 之父。
- 56. In I Chronicles, Chapter 4, verse 14, 在历代志上 4: 14,
- 57. Joab was the father of all the craftsman; 约押是一切匠人之祖;
- 58. so, the whole concept of referring to a pioneer or a founder or an originator as "father" of what he pioneered, founded or originated ---------因此, "父亲"这个概念就是指着开创一件事情的先驱、奠基人或发明者而言的——
- 59. that is all as old as the Book of Genesis. 和创世记同样古老的习俗。
- Far from being confused, Isaiah was prophesying seven hundred years before the birth of Jesus Christ, 以赛亚毫不含糊地在耶稣降生柒佰年以前就 预言了,
- that Jesus will be the Founder of everlasting life. 耶稣就是永恒生命的创始者。

- Jesus is going to be the Pioneer of the new revelation;
 耶稣就是新启示的先驱;
- 63. that Jesus is going to be the Founder of the new covenant with God;耶稣就是神与人之间新约的根基;
- 64. that Jesus is going to be the Originator of eternal life.耶稣就是永远生命的启动者。
- Without Him, no one can have eternal life.
 若不是籍着祂,没有人可以得到永生。
- Isaiah was telling us seven hundred years before Bethlehem, 以赛亚早在耶稣降生于伯利恒的柒佰年前就 告诉我们,
- 67. that Jesus is going to be the Revealer of eternal light;耶稣将要开启永远之光;
- 68. that Jesus is going to be the Revealer of eternal love; 耶稣将要开启永远之爱;

中外的女子后不远之发;

- 69. that Jesus is going to be the Father of a new race of people from every language, every tribe and every nation.
 耶稣将要成为从万国、万族、万民中所建立的新国民之父。
- Isaiah was not confused about the first two members of the trinity: God the Father and God the Son. 以赛亚并没有混淆三位一体之圣父与圣子的 地位。
- 71. He was using a language that was common to his day.
 他只是用了在当时所通用的语言来描述。
- 72. I want us to focus on three of the revelations that Isaiah gives us.
 请大家注意以赛亚在这里所给我们的三点启示。
- 73. First, 第一点,
- Jesus is the Revealer of God's new creation.
 耶稣启示了神的新创造。
- 75. Secondly, 第二,
- 76. Jesus is the Revealer of God's new covenant. 耶稣启示了神所立的新约,

- 77. Thirdly, 第三,
- Jesus is the Revealer of God's new clan;
 耶稣启示了神的新子民;
- 79. so, what is this, God's new creation?那么,神的新创造又是什么呢?
- 80. In the Old Testament, 在旧约中,
- the children of Israel knew about God; 以色列人只知道有神;
- 82. but they did not know God. 但他们并没有真正认识神。
- 83. A few of them were the exceptions. 当然,他们中间有几个例外。
- Abraham was privileged to know God, 亚伯拉罕有幸认识了神,
- 85. and he was called "a friend of God." 而且,他被称为是"神的朋友。"
- Moses communed with God like a friend with a friend.
 摩西,像朋友般的和神说话。
- 87. David, Daniel, Elijah, Isaiah: they were all privileged to know God;
 大卫、但以理、以利亚、以赛亚:他们都蒙 恩得以认识神;
- 88. but it was not possible for the whole community to know God.
 但是,对全会众来说,并不是每一个人都能认识神的。
- 89. Why? 为什么呢?
- Because there was a veil on their faces.
 因为,他们脸上都盖了面纱。
- That veil, the Bible said, was lifted when Jesus the Everlasting Father was revealed.
 圣经告诉我们,当耶稣这位永在的父向他们 显现时,他们脸上的面纱才被揭开。
- 92. The mystery was revealed by Jesus the Everlasting Father. 耶稣这位永在的父揭晓了神的奥秘。
- 93. The Apostle, John, said, 使徒约翰说:
- 94. "No one has seen God at any time." "从来没有人看见神。"

- The only begotten Son, who is in the bosom of the Father, has seen Him. 只有在父怀里的独生子看见过神。
- Jesus the Everlasting Father is the One Who revealed the heart of God.
 耶稣作为永在的父向人透露了神的心意。
- 97. Jesus the Everlasting Father is the One Who revealed the hope of His people. 耶稣作为永在的父向人彰显了祂子民的盼望。
- Jesus the Everlasting Father revealed the nature and the character of God. 耶稣作为永在的父向人启示了神的性情。
- Jesus the Everlasting Father revealed the mind of God.
 耶稣作为永在的父向人启示了神的意念。
- 100. Jesus the Everlasting Father is the One Who revealed the way to eternal life. 耶稣作为永在的父向人指明了通往永生的道路。
- 101. Jesus the Everlasting Father is the only One Who is able to reveal the holiness of God, 耶稣作为永在的父是唯一能够彰显神圣洁的 那一位。
- 102. and the righteousness of God, 彰显神的公义,
- 103. and the justice of God. 彰显神的正直。
- 104. Jesus is the only One Who revealed every aspect of sinfulness and wickedness of man. 只有耶稣才能指出人类各方面的罪孽和邪 恶。
- 105. He is the only One Who could reveal the power and the might of God to deal with the sinfulness of man. 唯有祂能够彰显神的全能来解决人的罪。
- 106. He is the only One Who could reveal the eternal love of God. 只有祂才能向人显明神的永恒的爱。
- 107. Why? 为什么呢?
- 108. Because He experientially and empirically revealed the love of God, 因为祂亲自体现,并显示了神的爱:
- 109. when He paid for the wages of the sin of all who believe in Him;
 祂为一切相信祂的人付清了所有的罪债;

- 110. and the Bible says: 圣经告诉我们:
- 111. that everyone who will accept this revelation shall be a new creation; 所有接受耶稣启示的人都要成为新造的人;
- 112. and that is why the Bible calls Jesus "the author and the finisher of our faith."
 这就是为什么圣经说祂是"为我们信心创始 成终的耶稣。"
- 113. Secondly, 第二,
- 114. He is called Everlasting Father because He is the Revealer of God's new covenant. 祂被称为永在的父,因为祂启示了神与人所 立的新约。
- 115. The new covenant, which we call the "New Testament" of the Bible, 新约,就是圣经里的新约全书,
- 116. is contrasted with the Old Testament in the Book of Hebrews.
 在希伯来书里,将新约和旧约做了对比,
- 117. It concludes by saying that the new covenant is far superior.
 希伯来书的结论是,新约远比旧约更美、更好。
- 118. In fact, the Old Testament does not make sense without Christ.
 实际上,旧约如果与基督无关,就没有意义。,
- 119. The Old Testament is just a shadow, 旧约只不过是个影子,
- 120. but the New Testament reveals the Person behind the shadow. 而新约向我们彰显了影子前的实体。
- 121. The Old Testament is the announcement of the coming of the Messiah.旧约向我们宣告那将要来的弥赛亚。
- 122. The New Testament is the fulfillment and realization of that announcement. 而新约则应验,并实现了旧约里的预言。
- 123. The Old Testament is the expectation and hope for the coming Messiah. 旧约是对弥赛亚的一种期盼和希望。
- 124. The New Testament says, in Jesus Christ, the expectation is fulfilled. 而新约说,在基督里,这盼望成了事实。

- 125. John said, 约翰曾说,
- 126. "The law was given through Moses, "律法本是借着摩西传的,
- 127. but grace and truth came through Jesus Christ," 恩典和真理都是由耶稣基督来的,"
- 128. and, because He is the Truth, 因为, 祂就是真理,
- 129. not that He was searching for the truth, 这不是说, 衪寻求真理,
- 130. not that He was hoping to find the truth, 也不是说,祂希望发现真理,
- 131. not that He needed the truth --也不是说, 祂需要真理——
- 132. no. Jesus is the Truth, and the truth is Jesus; 这乃是说:耶稣就是真理,真理就是耶稣;
- 133. and that is why only Jesus can establish God's new covenant;因此只有耶稣才能建立神的新约;
- 134. so, what is that covenant or contract? 那么,这个"约"意味着什么呢?
- 135. It's very simple. 很容易理解。
- 136. Your side of the covenant is to acknowledge that you are a sinner by birth, 你作为合约的一方,应当承认自己生来就是 一个有罪的人,
- 137. and a sinner by practice, 并且不断地犯罪,
- 138. and that the sentence for that sin is eternal damnation;
 罪的结局就是永远的咒诅;
- and that you can never placate yourself from that judgment. 你自己永远都无法逃脱将要受的审判。
- 140. Furthermore, you acknowledge that there is only one perfect God-Man, 然而,当你承认只有一位道成肉身,完全的 人,
- 141. Who paid for your death sentence by dying for you on the cross;已经为你的罪而钉死在十字架上面;
- 142. then, you turn from your sin, 然后,你离开自己的罪,
- 143. receive God's gift of forgiveness, 接受神的赦罪之恩,

- 144. and walk with Jesus Christ by faith; 并且以信心与耶稣基督同行;
- 145. and you will be assured of Heaven. 将来,你肯定可以在天堂永远与神同在。
- 146. You can either sign the covenant or not sign the covenant.
 你要么就在合约上面签字,要么,就拒绝签字。
- 147. You cannot half-sign. 不能模棱两可。
- 148. You are either in the covenant or out of the covenant.不是在合约之内,就是在合约之外。
- 149. If you have not signed the covenant with Jesus Christ and accepted His gift of eternal life, 假如你还没有在这个合约上面签字,并且接 受耶稣所赐给你的永生的话,
- you can do that today.
 今天,你就可以完成这件事情。
- 151. Jesus is called the "Everlasting Father" 耶稣是"永在的父",
- 152. because He is the Revealer of God's new creation,因为祂启示了神新的创造,
- 153. and because He is the Revealer of God's new covenant.祂也启示了神与人所立的新约。
- 154. Thirdly, Jesus is called "Everlasting Father" because He is the Revealer of God's new clan of people.
 第三,耶稣之所以被称为"永在的父",是因 为祂建立了神新的子民。
- 155. What is that new clan? 这一群新的子民又是哪些人呢?
- 156. It's made up of all who have signed God's new covenant.就是凡在神的合约上签字的那些人。
- 157. It's made up of all who have accepted God's redemption.
 这一群人接受了神的救赎。
- 158. It is made up of all who have accepted the Founder's conditions. 这一群人接受了创始人所提的条件。
- 159. The Bible calls that new clan "the church of Jesus Christ,
 圣经告诉我们,新的子民就是"耶稣基督的 教会,

- 160. from every nation, tribe and tongue." 是从各国、各民、各方所召聚来的。"
- 161. Christians are sometimes misunderstood by the world.基督徒有时会被世上其它的人误会。
- 162. Do you know why? 你知道为什么吗?
- 163. Because they have decided to come to God God's way,
 因为他们已经决定要遵从神的方式来跟从 神。
- 164. not on their own terms; 而不是随他们自己的心意而行;
- 165. because they have decided to come to God on God's terms, not according to their own ideas; 因为他们已经决定要按照神的条款来跟从 神,而不是一意孤行。
- 166. because they have accepted the declaration of the Everlasting Father Who said that He is the full Truth and the only Truth,
 因为他们已经接受这位永在的父所宣告的话 说:唯有祂才是独一无二,完整的真理。
- 167. and, apart from Him, there can be no full Truth. 离开了祂,世界上就没有真理。
- 168. Those who misunderstand Christians do so because they want to go to God only on their own terms.
 那些误解基督徒的人,是因为他们要照自己的意思来对待神。
- 169. They have deceived themselves into thinking that God doesn't care how they come to Him. 他们认为神不介意他们凭己意行事,那只不 过是自欺欺人罢了。
- 170. If that is the case, then God would not have died on a cross;
 如果真是这样,神就不需要死在十字架上了:
- 171. and that is why we must explain that we do not make the rules. God does.因此我们必须说清楚,是神定的条款,不是我们。
- 172. We only have just accepted God's rules; 我们只需要接受神的条款就行了;
- 173. and you will have no hope for eternal life unless and until you do. 除非你愿意接受,不然,就得不到永生。

- 174. There may be someone listening today who would say, 我相信, 有些朋友会说:
- 175. "I thought that all ways lead to God. "我曾经认为,条条道路通罗马。
- 176. I thought that Jesus was just a way. 我曾经认为,耶稣只不过是其中的一条道路 罢了。
- 177. I thought that I can be accepted by God, 我曾经认为,神可以接纳我,
- 178. if I am a good person, 只要我作个好人就可以了。
- 179. and never hurt anybody; 只要我不伤害别人就行了;
- 180. but, now, I know that the Everlasting Father Jesus Christ, 但今天,我明白了,耶稣才是永在的父,
- 181. the Founder and the only Giver of everlasting life, 只有耶稣才能赐给我永远的生命,
- 182. is inviting me to come to Him, 祂正邀请我到祂的面前来,
- 183. on His own terms; 按照祂的心意;
- 184. and that's the only way I can come to Him." 而且,只有祂才能带领来到神的面前。"
- 185. If you have come to this realization, 假如你已经认识到这一点,
- 186. you can simply come to Him today 你现在就可以来到祂的面前,
- 187. and He will accept you, 主耶稣一定接纳你,
- 188. because He promised so. 因为祂是这样应许的。
- 189. Until next time, I wish you God's richest blessing.
 我们下一次节目再见,愿神大大地赐福给 你。